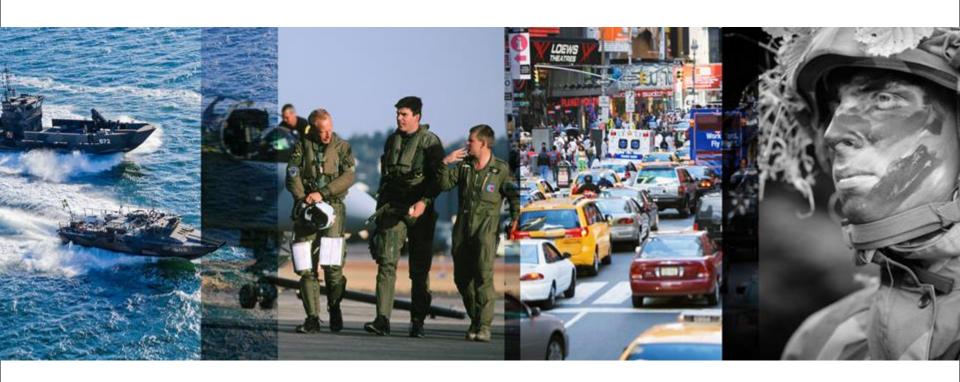


## **BREX Maintaining Technical Publication Quality**



Mårten Szymanowski September 17 2013 S1000D User Forum 2013, Vienna

## **AGENDA**

- Background
- Business Rules EXchange (BREX)
  - A minimal BREX-file
- Life-Cycle of a Data Module
- BREX-validation workflow
- BREX-validation tool
  - Comparisons between deliveries
    - Violations per Data Module
    - Violations per rule
    - Explore each Data Module
  - Implementation details
- An external advisory BREX: Why?
- Keypoints



#### **BACKGROUND**

- New project → Develop IETP
- Legacy data:
  - Paper-oriented publications in SGML and PDF
- Problem:
  - IETP Neutral delivery not readily importable
- Need to detect all critical instances that prevents import and correct IETP-functionality, e.g.:
  - Hard-coded applicability
  - Hard-coded references
  - Unreferenced figures, tables
  - SGML to XML conversion issues (XML is case sensitivity, SGML not)
  - No titles in figures, tables



## **BACKGROUND** cont.

- Desire to increase automatic quality assurance
- Gradual streamlining of data in accordance with our publication standard
- Solution
  - BREX-based validation



## **BUSINESS RULES EXCHANGE (BREX)**

#### What?

- BREX is a construct that enables
  - the communication of Business Rules between projects,
  - facilitating interchangeability and reuse
- BREX has its own Data Module Type
- BREX can be used to prevent incorrect data to enter into a data module
  - use a validation-engine that can interpret and apply the rules contained in the BREX-file.

#### Mechanisms:

- Xpath
  - Syntax for defining parts of an XML document, and
  - Using path expressions to navigate in the document
- Regular expressions (RegExp)
  - A sequence of characters that forms a search pattern
  - Many programming languages provide RegExp capabilities

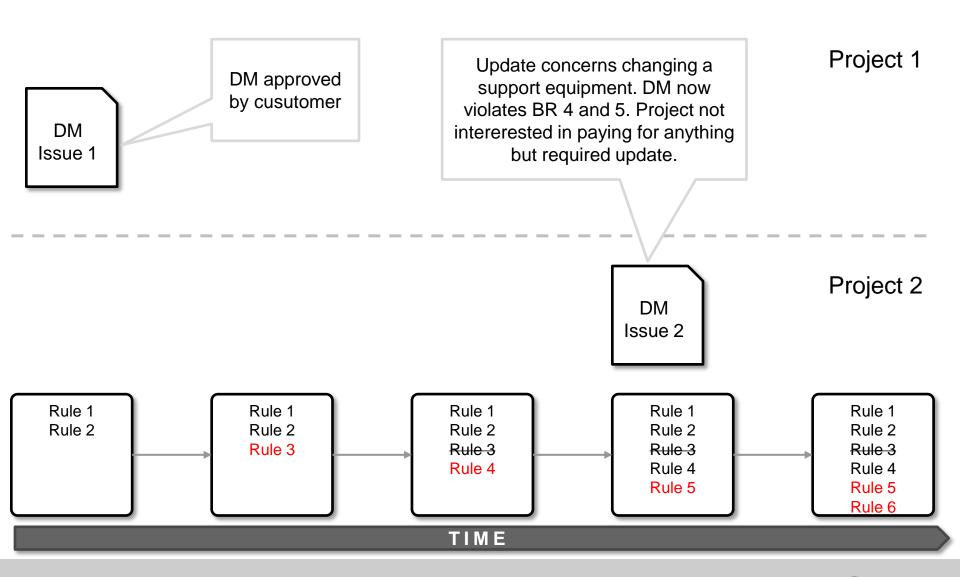


#### A MINIMAL BREX-FILE

BREX S1000D 4.0.1

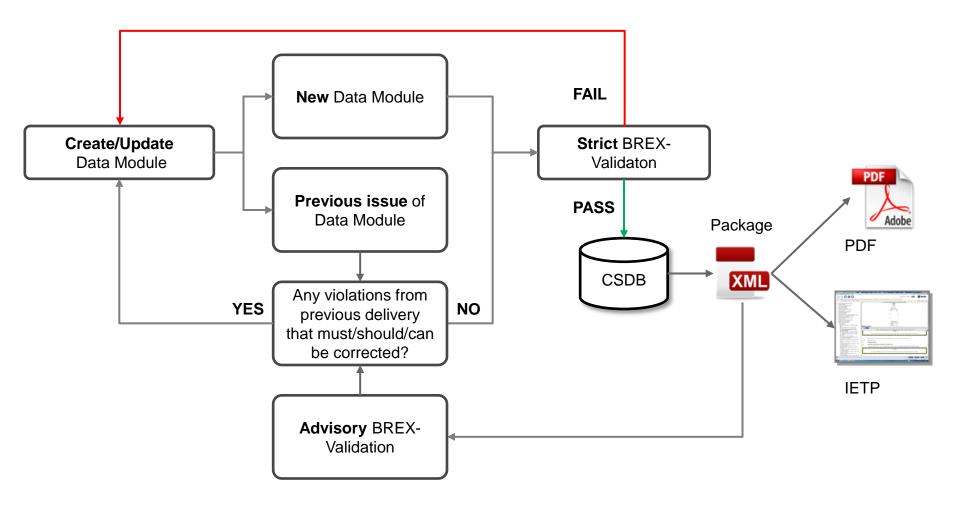
```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<!DOCTYPE dmodule []>
<dmodule xsi:noNamespaceSchemaLocation="http://www.s1000d.org/S1000D 4-0-</pre>
1/xml schema flat/brex.xsd" xmlns:dc="http://www.purl.org/dc/elements/1.1/"
xmlns:rdf="http://www.w3.org/1999/02/22-rdf-syntax-ns#"
xmlns:xlink="http://www.w3.org/1999/xlink"
xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance">
<identAndStatusSection></identAndStatusSection>
  <content>
                                                                For each xrefid
    <hrex>
                                                                attribute there must
      <contextRules>
                                                                exist an id with the
                                         "0" = Not allowed
        <structureObjectRuleGroup>
                                                                same value
                                         "1" = Allowed
          <structureObjectRule>
            <objectPath allowedObjectFlag="0">
              //xref[(not(attribute::xrefid = //*/@id))] <!-- RULE -->
            </objectPath>
            <objectUse>
              Reference to undefined object.
                                                            <!-- DESCRIPTION -->
            </objectUse>
          </structureObjectRule>
        </structureObjectRuleGroup>
      </contextRules>
    </brex>
  </content>
</dmodule>
```

## LIFE-CYCLE OF A DM





## **BREX-VALIDATION WORKFLOW**





#### **BREX-VALIDATION TOOL**

- Continous Quality Improvement
  - Summary of all violations in delivery package
  - Comparison of amount and severity level of violations between delivery packages
- Technical authors can check the "backlog" of a Data Module
  - List all (or a filtered subset) of the files that violate any rule
- Developers can check the impact of each rule and tweak it if neccesary
  - List all (or a filtered subset) of the files that violate a specific rule
- Pinpoint where in the Data Module the violation occured
  - Present the context in which the violation occured



## **COMPARISONS BETWEEN DELIVERIES**

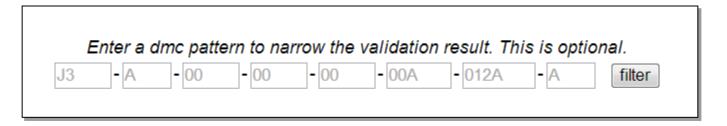
- Summary of all violations in a delivery package
- Mainly used for continous quality improvement

CRITICALS	WARNINGS	NOTICES	BREX FILE	PACKAGE FILE	DATE
871	929	3008	BREX-201202261644.XML	IETP_Neutr_SZ002_01-Mar-2013.zip	2013-03-03 15:48
319	675	2178	BREX-201202261644.XML	IETP_Neutr_SZ002_02-Sep-2013.zip	2013-09-06 15:33



## **VIOLATIONS PER DATA MODULE**

- List all (or a filtered subset) of the files that violate any rule
- Mainly used by technical authors

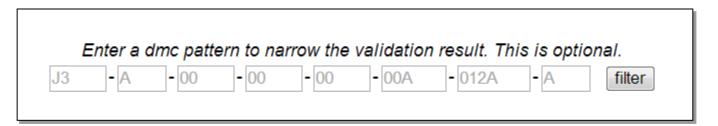


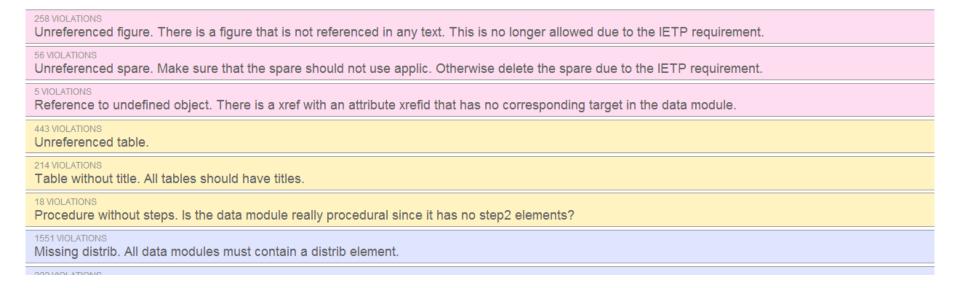
CRITICALS	WARNING	SS NOTICES	BREX FILE		PACKAGEFILE	DATE
319	6	75 2178	BREX-20	1209261	644.XML IETP_Neutr_SB809_25-Mar-2013.zip	2013-09-06 15:33
		ODITION	WARNINGS	NOTICES	EU ENANGE	
		CRITICALS	WARNINGS	NOTICES	FILENAME	
		2	2	2	DMC-J3-A-92-81-01-00A-910A-A_004-00.XML	
		2	2	2	DMC-J3-A-92-92-16-00A-100A-A_001-00.XML	
		2	1	4	DMC-J3-A-32-50-10-00A-920A-C_005-00.XML	
		2	1	3	DMC-J3-A-39-10-09-00A-910A-A_005-00.XML	
		1	2	5	DMC-J3-A-92-35-05-00A-910A-A 005-00.XML	



#### **VIOLATIONS PER RULE**

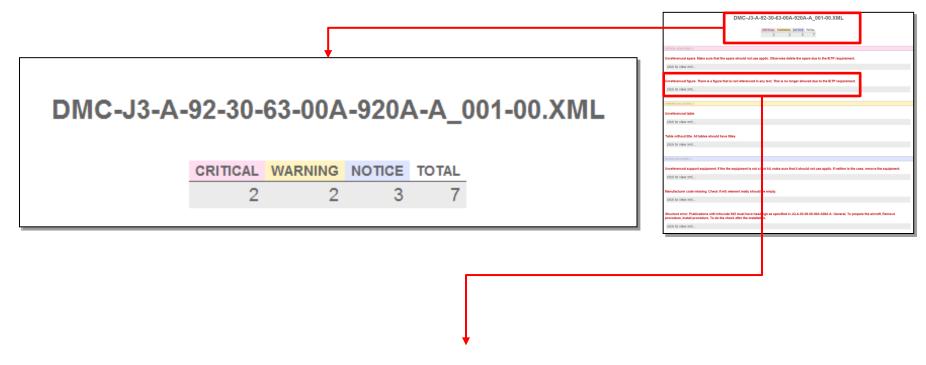
- List all (or a filtered subset) of the files that violate a specific rule
- Mainly used when tweaking/developing the rules







#### **EXPLORE EACH DATA MODULE**



Unreferenced figure. There is a figure that is not referenced in any text. This is no longer allowed due to the IETP requirement.

click to view xml...



## IMPLEMENTATION DETAILS

- Upload
  - Delivery packages (XML)
  - BREX-files (XML)
- Validate
  - Any BREX-file against any package
- Store validation results
  - BREX File 1 + Package A
  - BREX File 2 + Package A
  - BREX File 1 + Package B
  - Etc.
- Differentiate between different severity levels:
  - 1: CRITICAL, 2: WARNING, 3: NOTICE
  - Maintaining S1000D 4.0.1 schema, (mis-)using attribute caveat
- Explore violations per:
  - Package
  - Data Module
  - Rule



#### IMPLEMENTATION DETAILS cont.

#### Severity levels

- cv51 = 1 Critical
- cv52 = 2 Warning
- cv53 = 3 Notice

NOTE: This is **not** the *intended* usage of the attribute caveat



#### AN EXTERNAL ADVISORY BREX: WHY?

#### Not all rules are binary

- Sometimes we just want a technical writer to make sure that their case is not the exception
  - E.g. support equipment should normally always be referenced in the body of the data module. However tool sets are an exception. They are only included under required conditions.

#### Readily implementable

- A rudimentary system can be developed with minimal knowledge in XML, S1000D and programming (trust us on this one)
- Most languages support XML parsing, XPath and regular expressions using standard libraries

#### Data agnostic

Can validate any desired XML within the same framework (i.e. not S1000D specific)

#### Easily extendable

- Batch processing can easily be added
- Graphing functionality is a few lines of code away
- Free to "misuse" S1000D for needed functionality (e.g. severity levels)

#### System independable

 With monolithic approaches to a technical publication production system (does-it-all-platform) you are entirely in the hands of your system developer of choice



## **KEYPOINTS**

- All business rules decisions are **not** made before production of data modules starts
  - BREX rules evolve over time
- Projects are rarely interested in financing complete rewriting of previously approved data modules on the sole basis that they do not comply with new business rules decisions
  - S1000D experts have little room to navigate in the face of financial concerns
- All business rules are not equal when it comes to importance and criticality
- BREX with Severity Levels
  - Provide a potentially very useful QA metrics





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